

Where is the park & how do I get there?

Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park straddles the border between the United States and Canada in northwestern Montana and southwestern Alberta.

By car

Visitors traveling to Glacier National Park by car approach from the east via U.S. Highways 2 and 89. U.S. Highway 2 is also the primary access route from the west. In Canada, Alberta Highways 5 and 6 provide direct access to Waterton Lakes National Park, while Alberta Highway 2 continues across the international border providing access to the east side of Glacier National Park.

By train

Amtrak stops year-round at West Glacier (no baggage service), East Glacier (seasonally), and Essex. Check schedules and times with Amtrak

or your travel agent.

• By air

The nearest airports in Montana are in Kalispell, Missoula, and Great Falls. In Canada, Calgary and Lethbridge, Alberta, are the closest airports.

A shuttle from the Kalispell airport to Apgar and Lake McDonald is available. Guided tours, shuttle services, and limited public transporation are available in the major areas within Glacier National Park.

Rental cars are available at airports and in some towns surrounding the park.

What does it cost to enter the park(s)?

There is no single fee that covers entrance into both parks. Glacier National Park and Waterton Lakes National Park charge separate entrance fees.

• Glacier National Park

Golden Age Passport \$10.00 Lifetime pass, available to U.S. citizens 62 years old and over, valid at all Federal fee areas

Glacier National Park Pass \$20.00 Valid at Glacier National Park only, for 1 year from month of purchase.

cial group) for 7 days. Commercial Tour Vehicle Fees

Be sure to retain your receipt for reentry into Glacier National Park!

• Waterton Lakes National Park

| Type | Daily | Annual | *Grea | |
|---------------|--------|---------|---------|--|
| | | Local | Westerr | |
| Adult | \$4.00 | \$28.00 | \$35.00 | |
| Senior | \$3.00 | \$21.00 | \$27.00 | |
| Group | \$8.00 | \$50.00 | \$70.00 | |
| Senior Group | \$6.00 | \$38.00 | \$53.00 | |
| Child | \$2.00 | \$14.00 | \$18.00 | |
| Children unde | | free | | |
| | | | | |

Large Groups**(in same vehicle) The fee is \$3 per person. If a large group is made up of over 50% children, the fee is \$1.50 per person.

*Great Western (annual pass) valid in Waterton Lakes, Riding Mtn., Prince Albert, Banff, Kootenay, Yoho, Jasper, Elk Island, Mt. Revelstoke, Glacier, and Pacific Rim.

**Half-price if more than 50% of the group are children.

Note: Fees are listed in Canadian funds.

When to visit?

Visitation to the park, like many mountain parks in the west, follows seasonal weather patterns. Visitation is highest during the months of June, July, August, and September.

Many visitors have the mistaken idea that when the section of the Going-to-the-Sun Road over Logan Pass closes, the park is closed as well. While most facilities are only open during the summer months, people are finding the "off-season" (fall, winter, and spring) a rewarding time to visit. Prior to an "off-season" visit, please contact the park to check the status of facility and road closures.

The Logan Pass section of the Going-to-the-Sun Road opens between late May to late June.

What is an International Peace Park?

Designated in 1932 by Canada and the United States as the world's first international peace park, Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park commemorates the friendship and goodwill between nations. With a common 19 mile boundary, the two parks cooperate in many ways to solve common issues and problems.

Waterton Lakes, established in 1895, and Glacier, established in 1910, are administered by their respective park systems.

In 1995, the park was designated as Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park World Heritage Site.



Glacier Lily



Avalanche Lake

Glacier National Park West Glacier, MT 599 406-888-7800



Visit both parks

on the
World Wide Web.
Glacier National Park
at
or
Or
Waterton Lakes
National Parks
at
at
at

ca/waterton

Where to Stay



Campgrounds

Campgrounds, except Fish Creek and St. Mary (see chart), are available on a "firstcome, first-served" basis. Regulations are posted at each campground. Utility hookups are not provided. Ten group sites at Apgar, and one each at Many Glacier, and Two Medicine campgrounds accommodate parties of 9-24 people. The fee is \$3.00 per person, per night. At St. Mary, one group site is available and may be reserved ahead of time.

Campfires

Campfires are permitted only in designated campgrounds and picnic areas where grates are provided. Collecting firewood is prohibited except along the Inside North Fork Road from one mile north of Fish Creek Campground to Kintla Lake, along the Bowman Lake Road, and around backcountry campgrounds that permit fires.

Hiker-Biker Campsites

Campsites are available for bicyclists and hikers (see chart). These shared sites hold up to eight people. The fee is \$3.00 per person. Sites at Fish Creek and St. Mary may be reserved and have an additional reservation fee.



Lodging

Various accommodations are available within the park. Visitors may choose from rooms in historic grand hotels dating back to the early 1900's, modern motel-type accommodations, rustic cabins, or backcountry chalets.

Lodges start to open in late May and some remain open until late-September. Reservations are encouraged! Accommodations fill early, especially for the peak months of July and August.

For lodging and campground accommodations outside the park, request a copy of "Services Adjacent to the Park."

| Campground | Fee | Sites | Flush Toilets | Disposal Station | Hiker- Biker | Maximum vehicle size and additional information |
|-----------------------------------|----------|-------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Apgar May-Oct. | \$14.00 | 192 | ~ | ~ | ~ | 25 sites will fit a maximum vehicle, or vehicle combination, length of 40'; primitive camping after listed dates |
| Avalanche MidJune-EarlySept | \$14.00 | 87 | V | ~ | ~ | 50 sites will fit a maximum vehicle, or vehicle combination, length of 26' |
| Bowman Lake Mid May-Mid Sept. | \$12.00 | 48 | | | | Campground accessible by dirt road, large units not recommended, primitive camping after the listed dates |
| Cut Bank June-Sept. | \$12.00 | 19 | | | | Campground accessible by dirt road, large units not recommended |
| Fish Creek June -Early Sept. | \$17.00* | 180 | ~ | ' | ~ | 80 sites will fit a maximum vehicle, or vehicle combination, length of 27', 18 of those will accommodate up to 35' |
| Kintla Lake Mid May-Mid Sept. | \$12.00 | 13 | | | | Campground accessible by dirt road, large units not recommended, primitive camping after the listed dates |
| Logging Creek July-Early Sept. | \$12.00 | 8 | | | | Campground accessible by dirt road, large units not recommended, primitive camping after the listed dates |
| Many Glacier Late May-Sept. | \$14.00 | 110 | ~ | ' | ' | 13 sites will fit a maximum vehicle, or vehicle combination, length of 35'; primitive camping after listed dates |
| Quartz Creek July-Early Sept. | \$12.00 | 7 | | | | Campground accessible by dirt road, large units not recommended, primitive camping after the listed dates |
| Rising Sun Late May-Mid Sept. | \$14.00 | 83 | V | ' | ' | No towed units - 10 sites large enough to accommodate a maximum vehicle length of 25' |
| Sprague Creek Mid May-Sept. | \$14.00 | 25 | ~ | | ' | No towed units - some sites large enough to accommodate a maximum vehicle length of 21' |
| St. Mary Late May-Sept. | \$17.00* | 148 | V | ✓ | V | 25 sites will fit a maximum vehicle, or vehicle combination, length of 35'; primitive camping after listed dates |
| Two Medicine Late May-Sept. | \$14.00 | 99 | V | V | V | 13 sites will fit a maximum vehicle, or vehicle combination, length of 32'; primitive camping after listed dates |

Fish Creek and St. Mary Campgrounds are reservable through the National Park Service Reservation System. Call 1-800-365-CAMP or visit reservations.nps.gov for reservation information.

Camping is permitted only in designated campgrounds.

Gasoline is not available within Glacier National Park boundaries--fill up your gas tank before entering the park.

The Village Inn, Lake McDonald Lodge, Rising Sun Motor Inn, Swiftcurrent Motor Inn, and the Many Glacier Hotel are operated by Glacier Park, Inc.

For information and reservations:

Reservations Information

Glacier Park, Inc., P.O. Box 2025, Columbia, MT 59912, (406) 892-2525

For information and on-line reservations:

www.glacierparkinc.com

For reservations at the Apgar Village lodge: Apgar Village Lodge, P.O. Box 398, West Glacier, MT 59936, (406) 888-5484 www.westglacier.com

Granite Park Chalet, accessible by trail only, operates as a hikers shelter from July through mid-September. Guests provide their own sleeping bag, water, food, and cooking utensils. Optional linen service is available.

Granite Park Chalet, c/o Glacier Wilderness Guides, Inc., P.O. Box 330-PS, West Glacier, MT 59936, (406) 387-5555 or (800) 521-7238 Reservations are required. www.glacierguides.com

Sperry Chalet, a rustic backcountry chalet, is accessible by trail only. Operates from July through mid-September. Services include overnight accommodations and food services.

Sperry Chalet, c/o Belton Chalets, Inc., P.O. 188, West Glacier, MT 59936,

(888) 345-2649 Reservations are required. www.ptinet.net/sperrychalet

Services and Activities -- services generally available from late May through mid-September

Backcountry Guides

Glacier Wilderness Guides has exclusive rights to offer guided day hikes and backpacking trips into the backcountry. For information contact:

Glacier Wilderness Guides, Inc. West Glacier, MT 59936 (406) 387-5555 (800) 521-7238 www.glacierguides.com

Boat Trips & Rentals

Narrated boat cruises are offered at Lake McDonald, Many Glacier, Rising Sun, and Two Medicine. Optional free guided hikes are offered in conjunction with some trips. Boat and canoe rentals are also available. For information contact: **Glacier Park Boat Company**

P.O. Box 5262, Kalispell, MT 59903 (406) 257-2426

www.montanaweb.com/gpboats

Campstores and Gift Shops

Groceries and gifts are available at: Eddie's Campstore, The Cedar Tree, Schoolhouse Gifts, and the Montana House of Gifts at Apgar • Lake McDonald Lodge Gift Shop and Campstore at Lake McDonald • Many Glacier Hotel Gift Shop and Swiftcurrent Campstore in the Many Glacier valley • Rising Sun Campstore at Rising Sun • Two Medicine Campstore at Two Medicine.

Cash Machines

Automatic Teller Machines (ATMs) are available in: West Glacier at the West Glacier Cafe and next to the Photo Shop • Apgar at The Cedar Tree Deli • Lake McDonald Lodge in the lobby • St. Mary at the St. Mary Lodge and the Park Cafe Store

- Many Glacier at the Many Glacier Hotel
- East Glacier at Glacier Park Lodge.

Guided Bus Tours

Narrated tours and shuttle services are offered by Glacier Park Inc.

For reservations and information contact: Glacier Park, Inc. P.O. Box 2025

Columbia Falls, MT 59912 (406) 892-2525

www.glacierparkinc.com

Sun Tours offers interpretive tours in Glacier National Park from late May to mid-October. Tours highlight Blackfeet culture and history relating to Glacier National Park's natural features. Tours begin from St. Mary, East Glacier, and Browning.

For reservation information, contact: **Sun Tours**

P. O. Box 234 East Glacier, MT 59434 (800) 786-9220 or (406) 226-9220

Horseback Rides

Horseback rides are provided by Mule Shoe Outfitters at the following locations: Lake McDonald Lodge, and Many Glacier Hotel. For information contact: Summer address & phone

Mule Shoe Outfitters, LLC P.O. Box 322 West Glacier, MT 59936 (406) 732-4203 Winter address & phone P.O. Box 1108 Wickenburg, AZ 88358 (888) 684-2338 or (928) 684-2328 www.muleshoe.com

Restaurants

Food service is available at: Eddie's Restaurant in Apgar • Russells Fireside Dining Room and Charlie's Family Restaurant & Pizzaria at Lake McDonald • Ptarmigan Dining Room and the Italian Garden Ristorante in the Many Glacier Valley • Two Dog Flats Grill at Rising Sun • Snack Bar at Two Medicine Campstore.

Additional services are available in Babb, East Glacier, Essex, Polebridge, St. Mary, West Glacier, and along U.S. Highway 2.

Raft Trips

Raft trips are not available within Glacier. Many local rafting companies offer trips on the Middle and North Forks of the Flathead River, immediately adjacent to the park. For information contact the following companies:

Glacier Raft Company P.O. Box 210 West Glacier, MT 59936 (406) 888-5454 or (800) 235-6781 www.glacierraftco.com

Great Northern Whitewater P.O. Box 278 West Glacier, MT 59936 (406) 387-5340 or (800) 735-7897 www.gnwhitewater.com

Montana Raft Company P.O. Box 330 West Glacier, MT 59936 (406) 387-5555 or (800) 521-RAFT www.glacierguides.com

Wild River Adventures P.O. Box 272 West Glacier, MT 59936 (406) 387-9453 or (800) 700-7056 www.riverwild.com

What to Do



Naturalist Programs

Visitors, who wish to learn a little more about the park, may join a park ranger on one of the many guided activities. Several times daily, in locations around the park, rangers guide easy strolls, short half-day hikes, or vigorous all-day hikes.

Each evening, at major campgrounds, the campfire circle is the place to meet for programs on history, geology, bears, and a host of other topics to help visitors learn about and enjoy their park. Also, illustrated slide programs are offered nightly at Fish Creek Campground Amphitheater, St. Mary Visitor Center, Lake McDonald Lodge, and Many Glacier Hotel.

The Nature with a Naturalist publication lists ranger-led activities offered in the park. A Junior Ranger Program newspaper describes family activities. Free copies of these publications are available during the summer at visitor centers and entrance stations.

Naturalist programs are offered daily from mid-June through mid-September.

Visitor Centers

Upon arriving at Glacier, stop at one of the park's visitor centers to obtain current information on the park. Rangers are on duty to answer questions, and bookstores offer a wide variety of publications and maps to help orient you to the park's spectacular attractions.

Apgar Visitor Center

Open weekends November to early May Open daily early May to October

St. Mary Visitor Center

Open daily mid-May to mid-October

Logan Pass Visitor Center

Open mid-June to mid-October (depending on snow conditions)

Many Glacier Ranger Station

Open daily early June to mid-September

Park Headquarters

Open weekdays 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. (year-round, except Federal holidays)

Hiking

Over half of the visitors to Glacier report taking a hike. That's a lot of hikers, but over 700 miles of trail provide many outstanding opportunities for short hikes, strenuous day hikes, or extended backpacking trips.

Nature Trails

Brochures and signs guide visitors on Glacier's six self-guided trails. The Trail of the Cedars, Huckleberry Mountain, Hidden Lake, Sun Point, Running Eagle Falls, and Swiftcurrent Nature Trails encourage hikers to experience Glacier National Park at their own pace. The Trail of the Cedars and Running Eagle Falls are wheelchair accessible.

Day Hikes

Good day hikes are plentiful, and free maps of popular trails are available at park visitor centers. Visitor center bookstores carry a complete line of trail guides, topographic maps, and field guides to aid the hiker. Publications are also available by mail. Call the Glacier Natural History Association at (406) 888-5756 to request a catalog or place an order. Credit cards are welcome.

Backcountry Camping

Hikers planning to camp overnight in Glacier's backcountry must obtain a backcountry use permit. Backcountry permits may be reserved in advance, in person, or by mail. For information on obtaining a backcountry reservation, check our website at: www.nps.gov/glac/activities/bcguide1.htm or you may write or call: Backcountry Permits, Glacier National Park, West Glacier, Montana 59936 (406) 888-7800

Other Services

- Glacier Park, Inc. offers daily shuttle service along the Going-to-the-Sun Road from July through early September. A morning hikers shuttle is available from the Many Glacier Hotel to trailheads along the Going-to-the-Sun Road at Siyeh Bend, Logan Pass, and the Loop. Hikers should inquire at hotel desks.
- Glacier Wilderness Guides offers guided day hikes and backpacking trips into the backcountry of Glacier National Park. See details on page 2.
- Glacier Institute offers educational programs which include short to moderate hikes.
 See details on page 6.

Boating

Boating is permitted on most park waters. Motorized watercraft are only permitted on Lake McDonald, Waterton, Sherburne, and St. Mary Lakes. Motorized craft are also permitted on Bowman and Two Medicine Lakes, but are limited to ten horsepower or less.

To protect nesting Harlequin Ducks, the section of Upper McDonald Creek between Mineral Creek and Lake Mc-Donald is closed to boating and floating.

One U.S. Coast Guard approved, wearable, personal floatation device, of the appropriate size for the intended user and readily accessible, must be carried on board. Personal watercraft (jet skis) are prohibited on all park waters.

Fishing

Fishing in Glacier National Park does not require a license, but there are regulations governing fishing that need to be followed. The general park fishing season is from the third Saturday in May to November 30. Several park streams are either closed to fishing or are catch-and-release only. Stop at a visitor center to obtain a copy of the regulations.

Fishing from mid-channel to the west bank of the North Fork of the Flathead and all of the Middle Fork of the Flathead requires a Montana fishing license. The Blackfeet Reservation, just east of the park, requires their own fishing permit.

Going-to-the-Sun Road

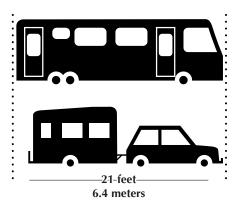
A trip over the Going-to-the-Sun Road provides a memorable park experience. Completed in 1932, this 52-mile road combines both history and unparalleled scenery. It bisects the heart of Glacier. Its construction made accessible the remote backcountry of the park to everyone. While portions of this scenic route remain open year-round, the higher sections are generally open between late May and late June, and close the third Monday in October, unless closed earlier by snowfall.

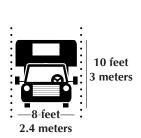
To help reduce congestion along this narrow winding road, vehicle size restrictions are in effect. Over time, it became apparent that the road was not designed for the number or size of today's vehicles. Larger vehicles frequently had difficulty negotiating the sharp corners and often caused considerable traffic delays. To allow for a safe and enjoyable experience, vehicle size restrictions are in effect at all times.

Going-to-the-Sun Road Vehicle Size Restrictions

Vehicles, and vehicle combinations, longer than 21 feet (including bumpers) or wider than 8 feet (including mirrors), are prohibited between Avalanche Campground and the Sun Point parking area. Vehicle and vehicle combinations over 10 feet in height may have difficulty driving west from Logan Pass to the Loop, due to rock overhangs. Stock trucks and trailers are able to access Packers Roost and Siyeh Bend.

To give every visitor the opportunity to experience this engineering marvel, alternative transportation is available by contacting the companies listed on page 2.





Driving in the Park

The roads of Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park offer access to some of the most spectacular mountain scenery in the world.

Take time to enjoy the views. If more than four vehicles stack up behind you, please use a pullout to let them pass safely. Be aware of wildlife along the roads, especially at dusk or at night. Animals often dart out in front of vehicles. Please watch for and give the right of way to children and pedestrians. **Obey the posted speed limit at all times.**

Road Construction

Due to the long snowy winters and late spring thaw, road construction/repair can only be accomplished in the summer months. All construction activities in the park are undertaken with care to insure that visitors are inconvenienced as little as possible. Park visitors may encounter a series of minor traffic delays totaling up to 30 minutes between West Glacier and St. Mary. Please allow additional driving time.

Visiting Logan Pass

A drive over Logan Pass is spectacular. The Going-to-the-Sun Road provides access to the alpine zone for vast numbers of people who otherwise would not be able to enjoy this beautiful, yet fragile, section of the park. However, with increased visitation it becomes more difficult every year to accommodate the growing number of park visitors. Frequently, in July and August, the parking lot at Logan Pass fills beyond capacity and visitors are forced to drive on without stopping. To avoid the crowds, plan on visiting Logan Pass early in the day or late in the afternoon. Most guided tours also stop at Logan Pass.

Bicycling

Bicyclists are responsible for complying with all traffic regulations and must ride under control at all times. Keep to the right side of the road, riding in single file and pull over if four or more vehicles stack up behind you. During periods of low visibility, or between sunset and sunrise, a white light or reflector visible from a distance of at least 500 feet in front and a red light or reflector visible from at least 200 feet to the rear must be exhibited on the operator or bicycle. The more visible you are, the safer you will be! Bicycles are prohibited on all trails. Watch for falling rocks, drainage grates, debris, and ice on the road. Helmets are recommended.

From June 15 through Labor Day, the following sections of the Going-to-the-Sun Road are closed to bicycle use between 11 a.m. and 4 p.m.:

- From Appar turnoff (at the south end of Lake McDonald) to Sprague Creek Camparound
- Eastbound from Logan Creek to Logan Pass.
- Allow 45 minutes to ride from Sprague Creek to Logan Creek and three hours from Logan Creek to Logan Pass. **Roads are narrow; please ride safely.**



Important Information

National Park Service U.S. Department of the Interior (406) 888-7800 www.nps.gov/glac/home.htm

What's the Weather Like?

Waterton-Glacier's summer weather is as varied as its landscape. The western valleys generally receive the most rainfall, but daytime temperatures can exceed 90 degrees F. It is frequently 10 to 15 degrees cooler at higher elevations. Strong winds and sunny days often predominate on the east side of the park. Overnight lows throughout the park can drop to near 20 degrees F, and snow can fall anytime.

Prepare for a variety of conditions and pack accordingly. You may start the day in a T-shirt and shorts, and need a parka by evening. Dress in layers. Always bring raingear.

The weather data shown here was collected over the last fifteen years at Park Headquarters in West Glacier, at an elevation of 3200 ft. Temperatures and rainfall amounts can be much different in other parts of Glacier.



St. Mary Lake

Month Ave. Ave. Ave. Rainfall High 2.69" 65 °F 38 °F May June 71 °F 44 °F 3.37" 1.92" 79°F 48 °F July August 79°F 47 °F 1.30" Sept. 70 °F 39 °F 1.68"

Fifteen year averages from West Glacier



Mountain Lion

Photography

Special regulations govern commercial photography and filming. In Glacier, a commercial photography permit is required if photography is for advertising a product or service; uses models, sets, or props; creates a disruption to visitors; or may damage park resources.

In Glacier, obtain permits and further information on commercial photography by calling (406) 888-7800.

In Waterton Lakes National Park, commercial photographers need to contact the Superintendent's Office for information at 403-859-2224.

Mountain Lions

Take precautions to avoid an accidental encounter with a lion. Don't hike alone. Make noise to avoid surprising a lion and keep children close to you at all times. If you do encounter a lion, do not run. Unlike with bears, if attack seems imminent, act aggressively. Do not crouch and do not turn away. Lions may be scared away by being struck with rocks or sticks, or by being kicked or hit.

Lions are primarily nocturnal, but they have attacked in broad daylight. They rarely prey on humans, but such behavior occasionally does occur. Children and small adults are particularly vulnerable.

Wildlife Viewing

All animals can present a very real and painful threat, especially females with young. Enjoy wildlife from the safety of your car or from a safe distance. You know you are too close if the animal detects your presence and moves, or if it appears disturbed. Feeding, harassing, or molesting wildlife is strictly prohibited and subject to fine.

Maintain a safe distance for yourself and the animal at all times. Always photograph wildlife with a telephoto lens (400mm or longer).

National parks have experienced an increase in crime in recent years. When you leave your vehicle or campsite, secure all valuables out of view. If you observe suspicious activity, contact a ranger as soon as possible. Descriptions of individuals, vehicles, and license numbers are extremely helpful.

Εl

Important Park Regulations

Regulations are designed to protect park resources and preserve the quality of your visit. Park rangers and wardens strictly enforce park regulations.

- Feeding or disturbing wildlife is against park regulations.
- Removal of any natural or cultural feature like flowers, rocks, artifacts, or antlers is prohibited.
- Picking of berries (including huckleberries) is limited to one quart per person.
- Picking of mushrooms is prohibited.
 Loaded firearms are not allowed in the
- Loaded firearms are not allowed in the park. Unloaded firearms may be transported in a vehicle if the weapon is cased, broken down or rendered inoperable, and kept out of sight.
- Open containers of alcohol in a motor vehicle are prohibited.
- Seat belts, or the appropriate child restraint system, must be worn by all occupants of motor vehicles.
- Camping is permitted in designated campgrounds only.

Pets

Pets are permitted in campgrounds, along roads, and in parking areas. Pets must be on a leash no longer than 6 feet, under physical restraint, or caged at all times. Pet owners must pick up after their pets and dispose of waste properly. Pets are not to be left unattended and **are not permitted on trails**, along lake shores, in the backcountry, or in any building.

Did You Know?

Water hazards

Swift, cold glacial streams and rivers, moss-covered rocks, and slippery logs all present dangers. Children, avid photographers, boaters, rafters, swimmers, hikers, and fishermen have fallen victim to these rapid, frigid waters.

Use extreme caution near water. Avoid wading in or fording swift-flowing streams, and never walk, play, or climb on slippery rocks and logs, especially near waterfalls.

When boating, don't stand up or lean over the side, and always wear a lifejacket.

Hypothermia

Hypothermia, the "progressive physical collapse and reduced mental capacity resulting from the chilling of the inner core of the human body," can occur even at temperatures above freezing. Sudden mountain storms can change a warm and pleasant hike into a drenching, bitterly cold and life-threatening experience. Temperatures can drop rapidly. People in poor physical shape or who are exhausted are particularly at risk.

Prevention

- Prevent hypothermia by wearing water resistant clothing before becoming wet.
- Wear clothing that wicks moisture away from the skin.
- Minimize wind exposure and if your clothes become wet, replace them.
- Avoid sweating by dressing in layers, rather than in a single bulky garment.
- Pack a sweater, warm hat, and raingear for any hike.

Mountainous Terrain

Many accidents occur when people fall after stepping off trails or roadsides, or by venturing onto very steep slopes. Stay on designated trails and don't go beyond protective fencing or guard rails. Supervise children closely in such areas. At upper elevations, trails should be followed carefully, noting directions given by trail signs and markers.

Snow and ice

Snowfields and glaciers present serious hazards. Snowbridges may conceal deep crevasses on glaciers or large hidden cavities under snowfields, and collapse under the weight of an unsuspecting hiker. Don't slide on snowbanks. People often lose control and slide into rocks or trees. Exercise caution around any snowfield in the park.

Giardia

Giardiasis can be caused by a parasite (*Giardia lamblia*) found in park lakes and streams. Persistent, severe diarrhea, abdominal cramps, and nausea are the main symptoms of this disease. If you experience any symptoms, contact a physician. When hiking, carry water from one of the park's treated water systems. If you plan to camp in the backcountry, follow recommendations received with your permit. The easiest effective water treatments are either to bring water to a boil or to use an approved water filter.

Ticks

Ticks are most active in spring and early summer. Most bites don't result in illness, but several serious diseases, like Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever, can be transmitted. Completely remove attached tick and disinfect the site. If rashes or lesions form around the bite, or if unexplained symptoms occur, consult a physician.

Hantavirus

Deer mice and other rodents (including ground squirrels) are possible carriers of a newly recognized acute respiratory disease. It affects the lungs and is caused by a virus of the Hantavirus family. The most likely source of infection is from rodent urine and droppings inhaled as aerosols or dust.

Avoid areas where rodents may congregate such as burrows or nests. Try to camp away from possible rodent burrows or shelters (garbage dumps and woodpiles), and keep food in rodent-proof containers.

Initial symptoms are almost identical to the onset of flu. If you have potentially been exposed and exhibit flu-like symptoms, you should seek medical care immediately.

Glacier National Park's free publications are made possible by the generous support of the Glacier Natural History Association. **Bears**



Roadside Bears

It's exciting to see bears up close, but we must act responsibly to keep them wild and alive. If you see a bear from your car, stay inside. Leaving your vehicle endangers your safety and the bear's, and exposes you to traffic hazards. If traffic is heavy, keep your eyes on the road and don't stop. Accept the fact that, while your passengers may get a quick look, you may not. If traffic is light, slow down and pull over when it is safe to do so. Don't stop in the middle of the road, or on a hill or curve where other drivers may not see you in time to avoid a collision.

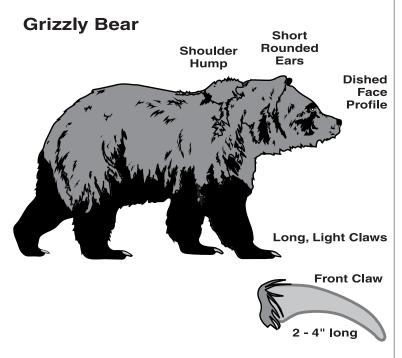
Exercising some common sense during the excitement of sighting a bear is important to you, the bear, and other visitors.

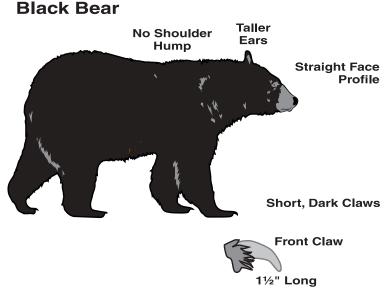
What Kind of Bear is That?

Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park is home to both black and grizzly bears. Even for experts, it is often difficult to distinguish between the species. The following clues will help to tell the species apart.

Color

Color is not a reliable indicator of species. Contrary to their name, black bears also come in brown, cinnamon, and blond. Grizzlies range from blond to nearly black. Grizzlies sometimes have silver-tipped guard hairs that give them a "grizzled" appearance.





Bear graphics courtesy of Center for Wildlife Information

Pepper Spray

This aerosol pepper derivative triggers temporarily incapacitating discomfort in bears. It is a non-toxic and non-lethal means of deterring

There have been cases where pepper spray apparently repelled aggressive or attacking bears and accounts where it has not worked as well as expected. Factors influencing effectiveness include distance, wind, rainy weather, temperature extremes, and product shelf life.

If you decide to carry spray, use it only in situations where aggressive bear behavior justifies its use. Pepper spray is intended to be sprayed into the face of an oncoming bear. It is not intended to act as a repellent. Do not spray gear or around camp with pepper spray.

Under no circumstances should pepper spray create a false sense of security or serve as a substitute for standard safety precautions in bear

Be aware that you may not be able to cross the U.S./Canada border with some brands of pepper spray. Canadian Customs will allow the importations of USEPA-approved bear spray into Canada.

For visitor injury or any medical emergency, call 911.

Camping & Bears

Odors attract bears. Our campgrounds and developed areas can remain "unattractive" to bears if each visitor manages food and trash properly. Regulations require that all edibles (including pet food), food containers (empty or not), and cookware (clean or not) be stored in a hard-sided vehicle or food locker when not in use, day or night.

- · Keep a clean camp! Improperly stored or unattended food will likely result in confiscation of items and/or issuance of a Violation Notice.
- · Inspect campsites for bear sign and for careless campers nearby. Please notify a park ranger of any potential problems that you may notice.
- Place all trash in bearproof containers.
- Pets, especially dogs, must be kept under physical restraint.
- Report all bear sightings to the nearest ranger or warden immediately.

Hiking in Bear Country

Don't Surprise Bears!

Bears will usually move out of the way if they hear people approaching, so make noise. Most bells are not enough. Calling out and clapping hands loudly at regular intervals are better ways to make your presence known. Hiking quietly endangers you, the bear, and other hikers.

A bear constantly surprised by quiet hikers may become habituated to close human contact and less likely to avoid people. This sets up a dangerous situation for both visitors and bears.

Don't Make Assumptions!

You can't predict when and where bears might be encountered along a trail. People often assume they don't have to make noise while hiking on a well-used trail. Some of the most frequently used trails in the park are surrounded by excellent bear habitat. People have been charged and injured by bears fleeing from silent hikers who unwittingly surprised them along the trail. Even if other hikers haven't seen bears along a trail section recently, don't assume that bears aren't there.

Don't assume a bear's hearing is any better than your own. Some trail conditions make it hard for bears to see, hear, or smell approaching hikers. Be particularly careful by streams, against the wind, or in dense vegetation. A blind corner or a rise in the trail also requires special attention.

Don't Approach Bears!

Bears spend a lot of time eating, so avoid hiking in obvious feeding areas like berry patches, cow parsnip thickets, or fields of glacier lilies. Keep children close by. Hike in groups and avoid hiking early in the morning, late in the day, or after dark.

Never intentionally get close to a bear. Individual bears have their own personal space requirements which vary depending on their mood. Each will react differently and its behavior can't be predicted. All bears are dangerous and should be respected.

If You Encounter a Bear

A commonly asked question is "What do I do if I run into a bear?" There is no easy answer. Like people, bears react differently to each situation. The best thing you can do is to make sure you have read all the suggestions for hiking and camping in bear country and follow them. Avoid encounters by being alert and making noise.

Bears may appear tolerant of people and then attack without warning. A bear's body language can help determine its mood. In general, bears show agitation by swaying their heads, huffing, and clacking their teeth. Lowered head and laid-back ears also indicate aggression. Bears may stand on their hind legs or approach to get a better view, but these actions are not necessarily signs of aggression. The bear may not have identified you as a person and is unable to smell or hear you from a distance.

Bear Attacks

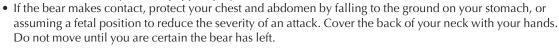
The vast majority of bear attacks have occurred because people have surprised a bear. In this type of situation the bear may attack as a defensive maneuver.

In rare cases bears may attack at night or after stalking people. This kind of attack is rare. It can be very serious because it often means the bear is looking for food and preying on you.

If you are attacked at night or if you feel you have been stalked and attacked as prey, try to escape. If you cannot escape, or if the bear follows, use pepper spray, or shout and try to intimidate the bear with a branch or rock. Do whatever it takes to let the bear know you are not easy prey.

If you surprise a bear, here are a few guidelines to follow that may help:

- Talk quietly or not at all; the time to make loud noise is before you encounter a bear. Try to detour around the bear if possible.
- Do not run! Back away slowly, but stop if it seems to agitate the bear.
- Assume a nonthreatening posture. Turn sideways, or bend at the knees to appear smaller.
- Use peripheral vision. Bears may interpret direct eye contact as threatening. • Drop something (not food) to distract the bear. Keep your pack on for protection in case of an attack.
- If a bear attacks and you have pepper spray, use it!







Black bear

The Glacier Institute

The Institute is dedicated to the belief that education is the chief means of preserving respect for the past and shaping a vision for the future. The non-profit Glacier Institute presents seminars, workshops, college-credit courses, school programs, and youth camps based out of an in-park field camp and the Big Creek Field Camp nearby.

The Institute provides high quality, well-balanced educational experiences for children and adults, emphasizing a hands-on, field-oriented approach to learning, lasting from one

Summer field seminars provide adults and children over 10 with in-depth educational experiences in subjects as diverse as grizzly bear ecology, wildflower identification, watercolor painting, photography, and Blackfeet culture. For upcoming course information or a catalog contact:

Glacier Institute, P.O. Box 7457, Kalispell, MT 59904, Phone (406) 755-1211 www.digisys.net/glacinst/

The Glacier Fund

The Glacier Fund is a subsidiary of the National Park Foundation, the official nonprofit partner of the National Park Service. The Glacier Fund accepts donations for various projects that support environmental education, historic building restoration, wildlife research, and trail maintenance. A restricted account for the backcountry chalets, Granite and Sperry, is also available to assist with restoration projects at those historic sites. Further information and/or contribution details are available by contacting:

The Glacier Fund **Glacier National Park** West Glacier, MT 59936 (406) 888-7910 www.nps.gov/glac/partners/glacfund.htm



Going-to-the-Sun Road

Glacier National Park Associates

The Glacier National Park Associates is an all-volunteer, non-profit organization that assists with trail work, historic log structure preservation, and other projects that the park does not have adequate funding to complete. Volunteers complete at least one major project yearly, involving three to five days in the backcountry.

The Associates manage the Backcountry Preservation Fund. This fund supports a backcountry ranger intern who works for 12 weeks in the park's

The Associates also manage a backcountry preservation fund. Contributions from backcountry users are used to purchase supplies and materials ranging from bear-proof boxes to computer equipment. Donations and members are

Glacier National Park Associates Box 91, Kalispell, MT 59903 Phone (406) 387-4299 www.nps.gov/glac/partners/gnpa.htm



Beargrass along Trail to Iceberg Lake

Glacier Natural History Association

Bookstores in Glacier National Park visitor centers are operated by the Glacier Natural History Association (GNHA). This non-profit organization works with the National Park Service to assist Glacier's educational and interpretive activities, cultural programs, and special projects related to visitor services. A percentage of proceeds from book sales are donated to the park each year. GNHA has bookstores in eight locations: Apgar, Logan Pass, and St. Mary visitor centers, and Polebridge, Two Medicine, Many Glacier and Goat Haunt ranger stations, and the Apgar Backcountry Permit Center.

GNHA members receive a 15% discount on items purchased at any of their stores, through their mail order business, and at many other national park visitor centers. Catalogs and membership information are available at sales locations and by contacting: GNHA, Box 310, West Glacier MT 59936, Phone (406) 888-5756, www.glacierassociation.org

■ For Further Trip Planning Information

A number of publications available through the Glacier Natural History Association will help you in planning your trip. The following selections are just a few of the many publications available. Contact GNHA to order these or other publications or maps.

Glacier, The Story Behind the Scenery

Kathleen Ahlenslager Dazzling photography and a fact-filled text make this a favorite with visitors to Glacier National Park. Covers a broad spectrum of topics including geology, diverse flora and wildlife, and a history of man in



Glacier. Companion volume to Glacier, the Continuing Story. 48 pages \$7.95

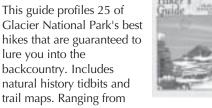
Glacier, The Continuing Story

Cindy Nielsen

A glorious full-color photographic tour of Glacier National Park. Showcases Glacier's spectacular scenery and its abundant wildflowers and wildlife. The interpretive text offers just enough information to satisfy a newcomer's curiosity. 48 pages \$7.95

Hiker's Guide to Glacier National Park

Glacier Natural History Association This guide profiles 25 of Glacier National Park's best hikes that are guaranteed to lure you into the backcountry. Includes



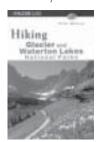
easy to strenuous, this handy book has something for everyone. 110 pages \$10.95

Hiking Glacier and Waterton Lakes National Parks

Erik Molvar

Detailing more than 50 backcountry

outings ranging from 2 miles to 38 miles; this guide gives mile-bymile descriptions, maps, photographs, and trail profile graphs. Ranging from easy to strenuous, this handy book has something for everyone. 215 pages **\$14.95**



Short Hikes and Strolls in Glacier National Park

Glacier Natural History Association Describes scenic walks ranging in distance from a half mile to almost four miles. Trail descriptions contain interesting natural history highlights. Includes simple-to-read trail maps. 46 pages **\$5.95**

Trails Illustrated Topo Map of Glacier and Waterton Lakes National Parks

National Geographic This topographic looks at Glacier and Waterton features wildlife descriptions along with general backcountry information on both parks. Approximate scale 1: 143,000. Two detail maps focus on the Many Glacier and Two Medicine areas of Glacier National Park.

Approximate scale 1:84,000. Waterproof and tearproof. 26' x 33' **\$9.95**

Road Guide, Glacier and Waterton Lakes **National Parks**

Thomas Schmidt

This compact book navigates motorists anywhere they can drive in Glacier and Waterton Lakes National Parks. Names the mountain peaks you'll drive past and mentions the wildlife that may cross your path. Contains easy-to-read maps and wonderful historic photographs. 96 pages **\$5.95**

Surrounding the Park If your plans to visit Glacier include stops in other parts of Montana and Alberta you may wish to contact the following organizations for trip planning information. Montana

Information on Areas

National Park Areas

National Park Service Website

www.nps.gov

Big Hole National Battlefield (406) 689-3155 Bighorn Canyon Natl. Recreation Area

(406) 666-2412 Fort Union Trading Post National **Historic Site**

(406) 572-9083

Grant-Kohrs Ranch National Historic Site (406) 846-3388

Little Bighorn Battlefield National Monument

(406) 638-2621

Nez Perce National Historical Park (208) 843-2261

Yellowstone National Park (406) 344-7381

National Forests

Flathead National Forest (406) 758-5204 Kootenai National Forest (406) 293-6211 **Lewis & Clark National Forest** (406) 791-7700

Travel Montana

For a complete listing of accommodations and services throughout the State of Montana, visit Travel Montana's website. www.visitmt.com (800) 847-4868

Blackfeet Indian Reservation

Immediately east of Glacier National Park lies the home of the Blackfeet Nation. Visit their official website. www.blackfeetnation.com

Area Chambers of Commerce

Glacier-Waterton Visitors Association P.O. Box 96, West Glacier, MT 59936 Flathead Convention & Visitor Association www.fcvb.org (800) 543-3105

Bigfork, MT www.bigfork.org 406-837-5888

Columbia Falls, MT www.columbiafallschamber.com

406-892-2072 Cut Bank, MT 406-873-4041

Kalispell, MT www.kalispellchamber.com 406-758-2800

Whitefish, MT whitefishchamber.com 406-862-3501

Alberta

Travel Alberta

For a listing of accommodations and services throughout the Province of Alberta, visit Travel Alberta's website. www.explorealberta.com 800-661-8888

Area Chambers of Commerce Calgary, Alberta

www.calgarychamber.com 403-750-0400

Lethbridge, Alberta www.lethchamber.org/activiti.htm Waterton Park, Alberta www.watertonchamber.com 403-859-2252

Waterton Lakes National Park Waterton Park, Alberta, Canada T0K 2M0 (403) 859-2224 www.parkscanada.gc.ca/waterton

Camping and Hiking

Auto Camping

Waterton's three campgrounds provide almost 400 campsites.

- The Townsite Campground has 238 sites, including 95 fully-serviced. Fees vary depending on the service provided. Fires permitted in picnic shelter stoves.
- The Crandell Campground has 129 semi-serviced sites, and is located just off the Red
- Belly River Campground, located on the Chief Mountain Highway, has 24 unserviced sites. Reservations can be made in advance for the group sites at Belly River. Call (403) 859-2224 for information.

Backcountry Camping

An overnight wilderness pass is mandatory, and available from the Visitor Reception Centre. A per person fee is charged for those over 18. Passes are issued up to 24 hours in advance on a first-come, first-served basis. Some wilderness sites will be available through advance reservations, according to established guidelines. Call (403) 859-2224.

A quota system for wilderness campground use and group size is applied to control use, minimize impact on the land, and maximize your wilderness experience.

Waterton's 9 designated wilderness campgrounds offer dry toilets and surface water supply. Some have shelters and horse facilities.

Hiking the Trails

There are 200km (120 miles) of trails in Waterton Lakes National Park. They range in difficulty from a short stroll to steep treks of several days duration. Trails are provided for a variety of users, including hikers, horse riders, and bicyclists. Watch for information signs at the trail head for the type of use permitted. Trails in Waterton also lead to extensive trail systems in Montana's Glacier National Park and in British Columbia's Akamina-Kishenina Provincial Park.





Bighorn Sheep The Sentinel

Scenic Drives

The Entrance Road provides 8 kilometres (5 miles) of magnificent views that beautifully illustrate the park's theme, "where the mountains meet the prairie." Colourful prairie flowers and grasses, and the glittering blue chain of the Waterton Lakes are set against a mountain backdrop. The sight of the historic Prince of Wales Hotel, on a knoll above the lakes, indicates you will soon arrive at our lakeside townsite.

The Akamina Highway begins near the townsite and runs for 16km (10 miles) along the Cameron Valley. Points of interest include the site of western Canada's first producing oil well, the Oil City site, and scenic Cameron Lake.

The Red Rock Parkway meanders over rolling prairie and through the Blakiston Valley. It ends at the strikingly coloured rocks and cascading creeks of Red Rock Canyon, a distance of 15km (9 miles). The drive features views of magnificent mountains, including Mt. Blakiston, the park's highest peak.

The Chief Mountain Highway is the primary route between Waterton Lakes and Glacier National Parks. The highway climbs from the grasslands near Maskinonge Lake to a viewpoint giving a magnificent vista of the Front Range of the Rockies and Waterton Valley. Enroute from the border crossing, the road traverses fields and forests, dotted with wetlands created by Crooked Creek.

The Bison Paddock, near the north entrance to the park off Highway 6, features a small herd of plains bison, maintained to commemorate the larger herds that once roamed freely in this area. The bison can be seen while driving a narrow road through the paddock. Please do not leave your vehicles. The road is not suitable for vehicles with trailers.

Other Attractions in Waterton

Cameron Falls

Located in the townsite, this picturesque waterfall is created as Cameron Creek falls from its valley into the deeper Waterton Valley.

The Akamina Pass Trail

This trail leads from the Akamina Parkway in Alberta to British Columbia's Akamina-Kishinena Provincial Park. Backcountry camping is available. A British Columbia fishing license is required and may be purchased only at the Waterton Visitor Reception Centre. Information is available from BC Parks (604) 422-3212.

The Maskinonge

The park's diversity of habitats are home to a great variety of birds. The Maskinonge area is particularly rich in bird life. In spring and summer, look for birds around Linnet Lake, Cameron Lake, and along the Wishbone Trail.

Wildlife and Wildflowers

Bears, deer, elk, and bighorn sheep can be seen throughout the park, particularly in prairie areas. Sheep and deer frequent the townsite.

Fall is probably the best time for wildlife watching. The larger animals come down from their summer ranges and waterfowl are on their migratory routes through the park.

Wildflowers can be seen in the park at almost any season except winter. In spring and early summer, prairie wildflower displays are particularly rich. In late summer and early fall, wildflowers are blooming at the higher elevations.

Goat Haunt

Goat Haunt, located in Glacier National Park at the south end of Upper Waterton Lake, is accessible from Waterton by both trail and boat. Goat Haunt features an International Peace Park Pavilion and a U.S. ranger station. Visitors staying overnight must report to a ranger.

Park Regulations

Please leave rocks, fossils, horns, antlers, wildflowers, nests, and other natural and historic objects undisturbed so that others may discover and enjoy them. Removal of such objects is subject to fines.

- ALL wild animals can be dangerous. It is unlawful to feed, entice, or touch park wildlife.
- Pets must remain on a leash at all times while in the park. Pets, on a leash, are allowed on trails in Waterton Lakes National Park.
- Camping is permitted only in designated areas, as marked by signs.
- Permits are required for backcountry camping.
- Motorcylists must wear a helmet.
- Clean up after all activities and dispose of litter.
- · Collection of dead or downed wood is not allowed.



Waterton Townsite

Services and Activities -- services generally available from May through September

Lodging

The Aspen Village Inn 1-(888) 859-8669 • Bayshore Inn & Convention Centre (403) 859-2211 • Crandell Mountain Lodge (403) 859-2288 • El Cortez Motel (403) 859-2366 • Historic Kilmorey Lodge 1-(888) 859-8669 • Northland Lodge (403) 859-2353, off-season (403) 653-4275 • Prince of Wales Hotel - in Canada phone (403) 236-3400; in U.S. (406) 892-2525 •Stanley Hotel (403) 859-2335 • Waterton Glacier Suites (403) 859-2004 • The Waterton Lakes Lodge (403) 859-2151 or

Clothing, Crafts, Gift Shops

1-(888) 985-6343

Akamina Clothing, Gifts (403) 859-2361 • Bayshore Gift Shop • Beargrass Boutique (403) 859-2240 • Caribou Clothes (403) 859-2346 • Evergreen Gifts (403) 859-2345 • Founders of Canada • Gifts in Zum's • Pat's • Prince of Wales Gift Shop • R & W and Company • Tamerack General Store (430) 859-2378 • Trail of the Great Bear Gift Shop (403) 859-2009 • Village Gift Shop

Eating Facilities

Baby Bear Fast Food (403) 859-2211 • The Big Scoop - Ice Cream Parlour (403) 859-2211, ext. 304 • Kootenai Brown Dining Room (403) 859-2211, ext. 305

• Lamp Post Dining Room 1- (888)-859-8669 • The Little Italian Café 403-859-0003 • New Frank's Restaurant 403-859-

2240 • Prince of Wales Hotel 403-859-2231 • Souper Sub • The Waterton Bagel

& Coffee Co. and Summer Thoughts Ice Cream Shoppe • Zum's Eatery & Mercantile 403-859-2388

Prince of Wales Hotel Lounge • Ram's Head Lounge (Kilmorey Lodge) • Thirsty Bear Saloon

Sporting Supplies and Hardware

Pat's Fishing, Camping and R.V. • Waterton Outdoor Adventures 403-

Book Stores & Photo Supplies

Borderline Books • Tamerack General Store (403) 859-2378 • Waterton Natural History Association Bookstores (403) 859-2267

Scenic Boat Tours

Waterton Inter-Nation Shoreline Cruises 403-859-2362

Hiking Tours

Canadian Wilderness Tours 1-(888) 859-8669 • Heritage Education Program (403) 859-2624

Bike and Boat Rentals

Cameron Lake Boat Rentals • Pat's Cycle Rental (403) 859-2266

Religious Services

All Saints Anglican - Episcopal Church • Catholic Church • L.D.S. • United Church (Congregational, Methodist,

Presbyterian, Union)

Service Stations

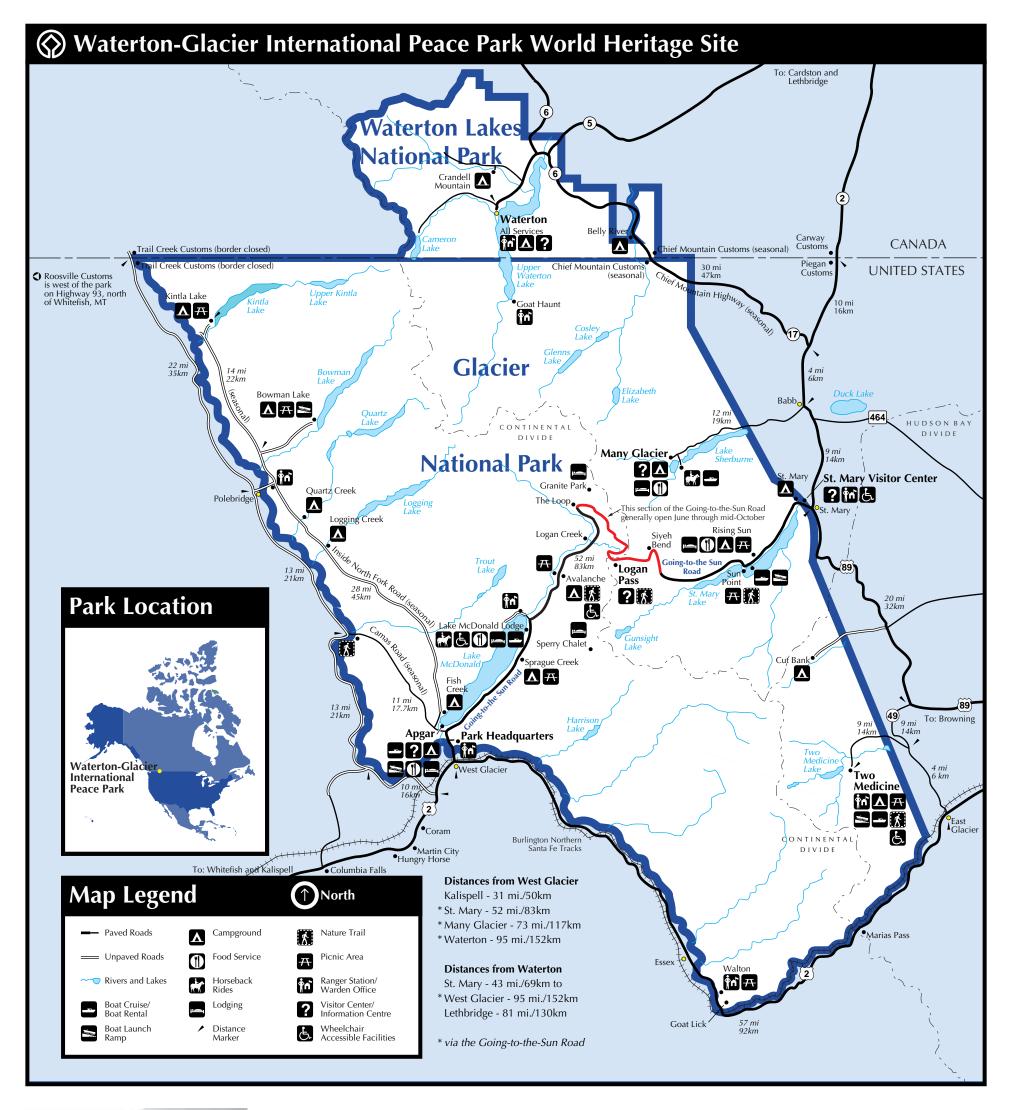
Pat's CAA/AAA Affiliated (403) 859-2266 • Tamerack General Store (403) 859-

Other Facilities & Services

A Central Reservation Service 1-(800) 215-2395 • Alpine Stables (403) 859-2462 • Cash machine • Museum and Art Gallery (403) 859-2267 • Pat's - movie rentals • Waterton Health Club and Recreation Center (403) 859-2151 • Waterton Natural History Association (403) 859-2624 • Waterton Lakes Public Golf Course (403) 859-2114 • Waterton Lakes Opera House • Willock & Sax Gallery (403) 859-2274

Private Campgrounds

Crooked Creek Campground (403) 653-1100 • Great Canadian Barn Dance (403) 626-3407 • Payne Lake Campground • Waterton Riverside Campground (403) 653-2888 • Waterton Springs Campground (403) 859-2247





Elevations

Apgar 3175 ft......968 m **Goat Haunt** 4200 ft......1280 m Lake McDonald 3150 ft......960 m **Logan Pass** 6640 ft.....2024 m **Many Glacier** 4900 ft.....1494 m 3600 ft......1097 m Polebridge **Rising Sun** 4550 ft......1387 m 4500 ft......1372 m St. Mary Two Medicine 5150 ft......1570 m 3900 ft.....1189 m Walton 200 ft......1280 m Waterton

What Should I Know to Cross the Border?

Adult travelers should have two forms of identification (one must be a photo). A birth certificate will be needed for children. Single parents must have proof of custody. Citizens of countries, other than the United States or Canada, are required to have a passport or visa. Resident aliens must have a permanent resident card.

Special restrictions exist on crossing the border with pets, defensive sprays, alcohol, firewood, and purchases. All firearms must be declared! For specific requirements on crossing the border from the United States into Canada, call (250) 887-3413. For information on crossing from Canada into the United States, call (406) 889-3865.

There are three border crossing stations immediately adjacent to the park. Roosville (U.S. Highway 93), west of the park, is open 24 hours a day, year-round. Piegan/Carway (U.S. Highway 89), east of the park, is open year-round 7 a.m. to 11 p.m. Chief Mountain (Montana Highway 17) is open summer months only and has limited hours of operation. Trail Creek is closed until further notice.

Accessibility

A listing of faciltiies and programs accessible to vistiors with special needs is available at visitor centers and entrance stations, or you may request a copy by contacting Glacier National Park.

The Apgar and St. Mary Visitor Centers, the Trail of the Cedars, Running Eagle Falls Nature Trail, the International Peace Park Pavilion, the Linnet Lake Trail (near the town of Waterton), the Waterton Townsite Trail, and the Cameron Lake Day Use area are all accessible by wheelchair.



International Boundary

Medical Services

If you are injured or suddenly become ill while visiting the parks, please contact a warden or ranger for information and assistance.

Montana Hospitals and Clinics

- Glacier County Medical Center Cut Bank, MT (406) 873-2251
- Kalispell Regional Hospital Kalispell, MT (406) 752-5111
- North Valley Hospital Whitefish, MT (406) 862-2501
- Teton Medical Center Choteau, MT (406) 466-5763
- West Glacier Urgent Care & Minor Illness Clinic West Glacier, MT (406) 888-9005

Alberta Hospitals

- Cardston Municipal Hospital Cardston, Alberta (403) 653-4411
- Pincher Creek Municipal Hospital Pincher Creek, Alberta (403) 627-3333